	Level 1 – Universal Needs No additional support needs	
	Indicators	Assessment Process
additional needs and where there are no concerns. Typically these children are likely to live in a resilient and protective environment where their needs are met. These children will require no	Parents or Carers Capacity	These children require no additional support beyond that which is universally available. Examples of key universal services that provide support at this level: • Education • Children's Centres • Health Visiting • Sexual Health Services
	Basic Care Safety and Protection Parents/Carers able to provide care for child's needs and protect from danger in the home and elsewhere	
	 Emotional Warmth and Stability Parents/Carers provide secure and caring parenting and show warmth, praise and encouragement. 	
	Guidance Boundaries and Stimulation Parents/Carers provide guidance and boundaries to help child develop appropriate values Carers Ca	
	Family and Environmental Factors	
additional support beyond that which is universally available.	 Family History and Well-Being Supportive family relationships that provide a positive sense of wellbeing for all family members 	DentistMidwiferySchool NursingGP
These indicators need to be kept in mind when assessing the significance of indicators from levels 2-4	 Housing Employment and Finance Sufficient income to meet the family's essential needs, used appropriately Adequate housing with at least basic amenities 	Police Housing Voluntary & Community Sector Care and Connect
	 Social and Community Resources Social and friendship networks exist Positive peer groups Access to health, education, social and community services in the neighbourhood 	
	Child or Young Person's Developmental Needs	
	 Learning/Education Access to education provision appropriate to age and ability Access to employment (including work based learning) appropriate to age and ability Acquiring a range of skills/interests, experiences of success/achievement Access to books/toys, play 	
	 Health Physically well Developmental checks/immunisations up to date Health appointments are kept Adequate diet/hygiene/clothing Regular dental and optical care 	
	 Social, Emotional, Behavioural, Identity Demonstrates age appropriate responses in feelings and actions Good quality early attachments, child is appropriately comfortable in social situations Knowledgeable about the effects of crime and antisocial behaviour (age appropriate) Able to adapt to change Able to demonstrate empathy Positive sense of self and abilities Involved in leisure and other social activity 	
	 Family and Social Relationships Stable and affectionate relationships with caregivers Good relationships with siblings Positive relationships with peers and age appropriate friendships 	
	 Self-Care and Independence Developing age appropriate level of practical and emotional skills Good level of personal hygiene Able to discriminate between 'safe' and 'unsafe' contacts Gaining confidence and skills to undertake activities away from the family 	

Level 2 – Additional Needs Threshold for targeted support for children with additional support needs **Indicators** Assessment Process Children with **Parents or Carers Capacity** An Early Help Level 2 Needs Assessment (EHA) These children can should be completed **Basic Care, Safety and Protection** with the child/family to be defined as Requiring advice/support on parenting issues e.g. safe and appropriate childcare identify their strengths needing some arrangements; safe home conditions and needs. The action additional support Professionals beginning to have concerns about child's physical needs being met without which they plan should identify the Parental stresses starting to affect ability to ensure child's safety would be at risk of child's additional needs, Poor supervision and attention to safety issues not meeting their appropriate services full potential. Their and interventions to **Emotional Warmth and Stability** identified needs meet those needs and Inconsistent responses to child by parents may relate to their who will act as the lead Difficult parent/child relationship health, educational, professional. Starting to demonstrate difficulties with attachment or social Lack of response to concerns raised about child's welfare development, and If an assessment is are likely to be refused and the needs **Guidance Boundaries and Stimulation** short term needs. of a child cannot be Parents offer inconsistent boundaries If ignored these met, and may escalate, issues may develop • Behaviour problems not recognised and addressed by parents a referral to Children's into more worrying Social Care, Front Door Lack of response to concerns raised about child concerns for the should be considered. Lack of appropriate parental guidance and boundaries for child's stage of development child or young As a minimum there and maturity person. should be a consultation with this These children will service. be living in greater adversity than most Exit Strategy The TAF should aim to other children or **Family and Environmental Factors** have a greater enable the child and degree of family's move back to Family and Social relationships and Family Well-Being vulnerability than universal services' most if their needs • Parents/Carers have relationship difficulties or there is frequent conflict which may affect support. are not clear, not known or not being Parents/Carers request advice to manage their child's behaviour Universal as above met and multi Sibling with significant problem (health, disability, behaviour) plus targeted agency intervention YOT Risk of domestic abuse is required, a lead Police Parental physical/mental health issues professional will be Adult Drug and Low level substance misuse identified to Alcohol services Family has limited support from wider family and/or friends coordinate a plan Children's Child is a young carer around the child. Centres Voluntary & Housing, Employment and Finance Community Inadequate/poor/overcrowded housing Families affected by low income/debt//living with poverty affecting access to appropriate Services Housing services to meet child's additional needs Family Family seeking asylum or refugees Partners/Locality **Teams Social Integration and Community Resources** Experiencing harassment/discrimination Short break respite care · Socially or physically isolated Domestic Abuse • Lack of a support network Services Insufficient facilities to meet social Integration needs e.g. advice/support needed to access services for disabled child where parent is coping otherwise Child associating with peers who are involved in anti social or criminal behaviour Family demonstrating low level anti-social behaviour towards others **Child or Young Person's Developmental Needs** Learning/Education Poor school or early years attendance/punctuality Behaviour likely to lead to risk of exclusion • Identified learning needs – SEN Support plan • Identified language and communication difficulties linked to other unmet needs Gaps in schooling/learning due to pregnancy • No access to early education No access to employment (including work based learning) Limited access to resources for learning at home, e.g. books/ toys

Not always engaged in learning – poor concentration, low motivation and interest

Health

- Slow in reaching developmental milestones
- Concern re diet/hygiene/clothing
- Not being brought for routine appointments e.g. immunisations and developmental checks
- Persistent minor health problems
- Weight is significantly above or below what would be expected
- Starting to default on appointments across health including antenatal, hospital and GP appointments
- Encopresis /enuresis (soiling and wetting)
- Low level mental health or emotional issues
- Low level substance misuse
- Accident &Emergency Dept attendance giving cause for concern

Social, Emotional, Behavioural, Identity

- Disruptive/challenging behaviour including in school or early years setting
- Emerging anti-social behaviour and attitudes and/or low level offending
- Child is victim of bullying or bullies others
- Difficulties in relationships with peer group and/or with adults
- Friendships and relationships inappropriate for age
- Low self esteem
- Concerns about sexual development and behaviour
- Not always adequate self care, e.g. poor hygiene

Self-Care and Independence

- Lack of age appropriate behaviour and independent living skills that increase vulnerability to social exclusion
- Inappropriate use of social media
- Friendships and relationships inappropriate for age

This level applies to those children identified as requiring specialist support. It is likely that for these children their needs and care are at present significantly compromised. Only a small fraction of children will fall within this band. These children will be those who are highly vulnerable or experiencing greater adversity.

These children may be eligible for a service from Children's Social Work Teams and are potentially at risk of developing acute/complex needs if they do not receive early statutory intervention. The allocated worker will usually act as the lead professionals and coordinate

Definition:

services.

Section 17 of the 1989 Children Act

- 'is unlikely to achieve or maintain a reasonable standard of health or development'
- 'health or development is likely to be significantly impaired' without the provision of LA services
- Or she/he is disabled

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Indicators

Level 3– Complex Needs

In assessing need and risk that require additional services, multiple factors are likely to be present

Parents or Carers Capacity

Basic, Care, Safety and Protection

- Parent is struggling to provide adequate care
- Young child regularly left alone or unsupervised
- Parents/carers unable to protect from danger or significant physical or emotional harm (including the risk of sexual harm) in the home and elsewhere
- Neglect where food, warmth and other basics often not available
- Parent's mental health problems or substance misuse significantly affect the care of the child
- Parental learning difficulties that have a direct impact on child's health or development
- Child exposed to ongoing domestic violence
- Child's health needs not met

Emotional Warmth and Stability

- Child receives erratic or inconsistent care
- Parental instability affects capacity to nurture/care
- Child/parent relationship at risk of breaking down
- Child has a succession of unplanned, multiple carers
- Child constantly criticised/putdown
- Parents own emotional needs compromise those of the child/young person

Guidance Boundaries and Stimulation

- Child/young person receives little positive stimulation
- Parents/carers provide inconsistent boundaries or present a negative role mode, e.g. by behaving in an anti social way

Family and Environment

Family and Social Relationships and Family Well-Being

- Child is privately fostered (see page 12)
- Unaccompanied asylum seeking children
- Family functioning significantly affected by problems of physical or mental heath or substance misuse
- Incidents of domestic violence
- Recent experience of serious loss or trauma
- Parent has received custodial sentence
- Risk of family relationship breakdown leading to need for child to become looked after outside of family network
- Child is a young carer requiring assessment of additional needs

Housing, Employment and Finance

- Overcrowded or poor quality housing likely to impair health or development
- Extreme financial difficulties/poverty impacting on ability to have basic needs met and no access to funding/community resources
- Living independently as a teenage parent and needing additional support
- Vulnerable homeless young person
- Family at risk of eviction having already received support from Housing services

Social and Community Resources

- Child or family need immediate support and protection due to harassment/discrimination and have no supportive network
- Involvement in gang activity
- Forced marriage of a child/young person under 18 years

Child or Young Person's Developmental Needs

Learning/Education

- Child not in education, in conjunction with concerns for child's safety
- Chronic non attendance/truanting/authorised absences/fixed term exclusions
- Statutory assessment of Special Educational needs which may lead to an Education Health and Care plan

Health

- Chronic/recurring health problems with missed appointments, routine and non routine
- Child with a disability in need of assessment and support to access appropriate specialist

Children's Social Care will decide on their response based on the information supplied in the referral. If appropriate they will undertake a Single

Assessment. Following

this the case may be:

Assessment Process

- Further work under a child in need plan
- Child protection procedures initiated (Section 47 enquiry)
- Referred to other agencies
- closed

Key agencies that may provide support at this level: as level 1 and 2 above plus

- Other statutory service e.g. SEN Services
- Specialist health or disability services
- Police
- CAMHS
- Family Support Services
- Voluntary & Community Services
- Homeless Services

services

- Failure to access adequate health care
- Persistent excessive alcohol consumption, or other substance misuse
- Serious delay in achieving physical and other developmental milestones, raising significant concerns
- Frequent accidental injuries to child requiring hospital treatment
- Serious mental health issues
- Significant dental decay that has not been treated
- Communication difficulties have a severe impact on everyday life

Social, Emotional, Behavioural, Identity

- Disordered attachments that have a severe impact
- Serious self harming; suicidal thought
- Disruptive/challenging behaviour at school, in the community and at home
- Sexual development and behaviour which may be indicative of abuse
- Inappropriate sexual/abusive behaviours towards others
- Regularly missing or absent
- Concern in relation to sexual exploitation

Self-Care and Independence

- Poor self care for age, including hygiene
- Young person living independently and not coping

Level 4 – Complex or Acute: Threshold for Child Protection Indicators In assessing need and risk that require intensive specialist services, multiple factors are likely **Assessment Process** to be present Children with Children's Social Care **Level 4 Needs Parents or Carers Capacity** will decide on their Children requiring response following the specialist/statutory referral. In the case of **Basic Care Safety and Protection** integrated support suspected abuse they • Parents unable to provide 'good enough' parenting that is adequate and safe will follow the Working Continual instability and violence in the home **Child Protection** Together 2015 Parents have or may have abused/neglected the child/young person procedures as laid out in Children Child not protected from sexual exploitation/abusive situations experiencing North Tyneside Child beyond parental control and placing themselves at risk significant harm Safeguarding Children Forced marriage of a child/young person under 18 years that requires Procedures. On the Pre birth assessment indicates unborn child is at risk of significant harm statutory basis of a Section 47 intervention such enquiry and Single **Emotional Warmth and Stability** as child protection Assessment, a decision Parents inconsistent, highly critical or apathetic towards the child or legal will be made whether to Adoption breakdown intervention. hold an Initial Child • Abandoned child or unaccompanied minor These children may Protection Conference. • Imminent family breakdown and risk of child being looked after also need to be Key agencies that may accommodated Missing child/child persistently running away provide support at this (taken into care) by Children's Social level: as level 1 to 3 Care either on a **Guidance Boundaries and Stimulation** plus voluntary basis or Children's Lack of appropriate supervision or effective boundaries by way of Court Services - Social Child is beyond parental control Order Care, Fostering, • Child left for long periods on their own without adequate adult supervision or support **Adoption Teams** Definition Police Family and Environmental Factors Section 47 of the Other statutory 1989 Children Act. service e.g. SEN Child or young services; person. Where a Family and Social Relationships and Family Well-Being **Education & Child** child is at risk of Persistent domestic violence Psychology significant harm. "Adults who present a risk to children" living in the family home or members of the wider Specialist health Through neglect, family are known to be, or suspected of being a risk to children or disability physical, emotional Severe parental mental or physical health problems or substance misuse which means services or sexual abuse. that vital parenting roles are not undertaken Youth Offending Family characterised by conflict and serious, chronic relationship difficulties Team **Process** Parent/carer has unresolved mental health difficulties which affect the wellbeing of the Targeted drug and Agencies should alcohol child make an immediate Adult victim of Domestic Abuse is assessed as high level risk and the child (including CAMHS referral to the Front unborn) is at risk of significant harm Family support **Door Service** • Child's carer or a member of the household, referred to MAPPA (multi agency services arrangements to protect the public managed by Probation) Voluntary & • Child needs to be looked after outside of their immediate family or parents/carers due to Community abuse/neglect Services • Children's Centres Housing, Employment and Finance Targeted · Physical accommodation places child in danger Adolescent • Persistent lack of adequate food, warmth or essential clothing Services

Child or Young Person's Developmental Needs

Health

- Class A/serious drug misuse
- Acute mental health issues
- Suspected non accidental injury/abuse/neglect
- Any bruising in a non mobile infant
- Serious self harm
- Significant regression in speech, communication or interaction where no medical cause has been identified
- Female genital mutilation

Social, Emotional, Behavioural, Identity

- Challenging behaviour resulting in serious risk to the child and others
- Failure or inability to address complex mental health issues requiring specialist interventions
- Under 13 engaged in sexual activity
- Under 18 concerns re coercion to engage in sexual activity

Exit Strategy

Children's Social Care will work with the child and their family either to reduce the risk to a child in need and ultimately a move out of statutory interventions as described in level 3, or will embark on Court Proceedings to accommodate the child or young person in a

Services at universal level

- Subject to sexual exploitation
- Missing from home for repeated short periods of time or prolonged periods
 Young people with complicated substance misuse problems requiring specific interventions and/or child protection and who can't be managed in the community
- Concern in relation to potential radicalisation
- Child subject to MAPPA

kinship, fostering or residential placement, or to place the child for adoption.

Self Care and Independence

- Child is left "home alone" without adequate adult supervision or support and at risk of significant harm
- Distorted self image and lack of independent living skills likely to result in significant harm